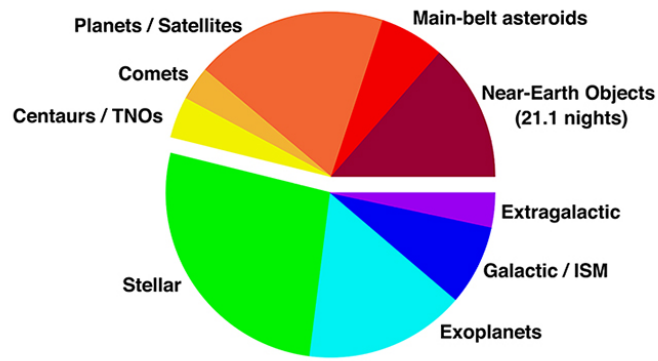
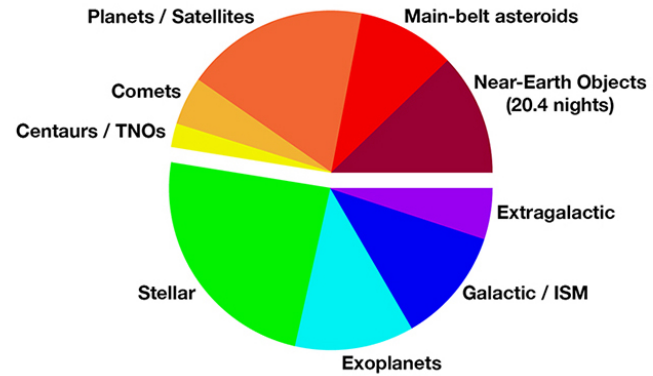


Distribution of Awarded Observing Time

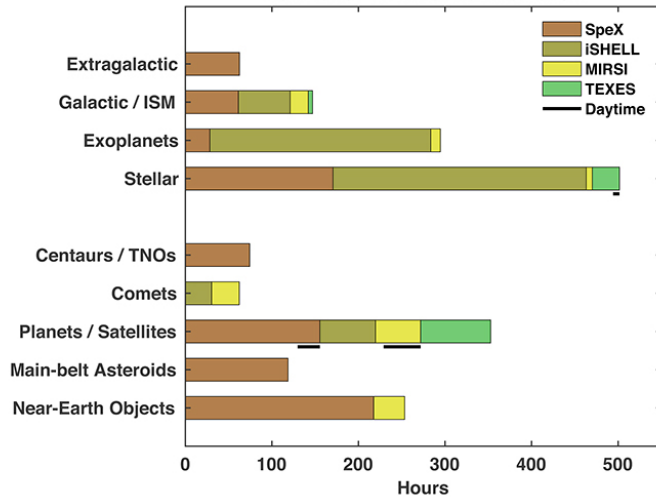
2019B



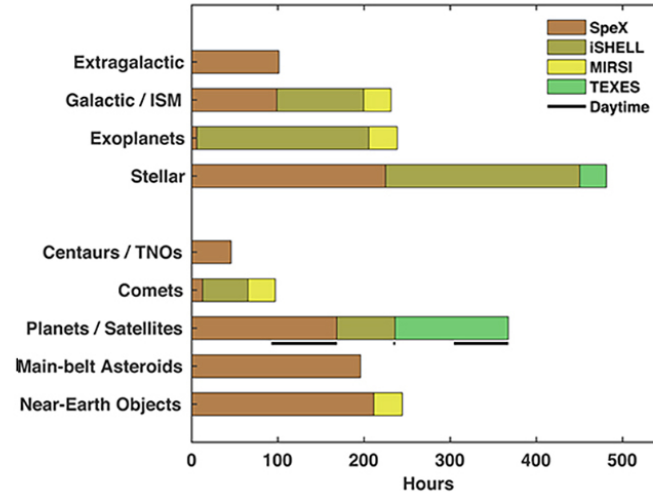
2020A



Details for Initial Schedule 2019B

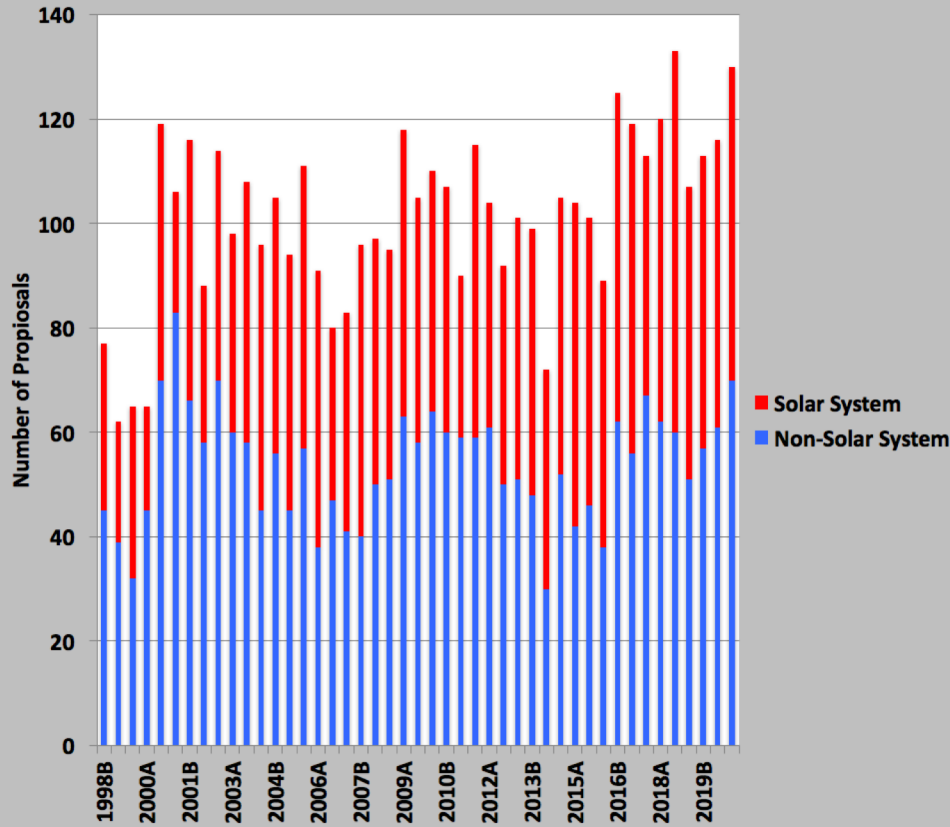


Details for Initial Schedule 2020A

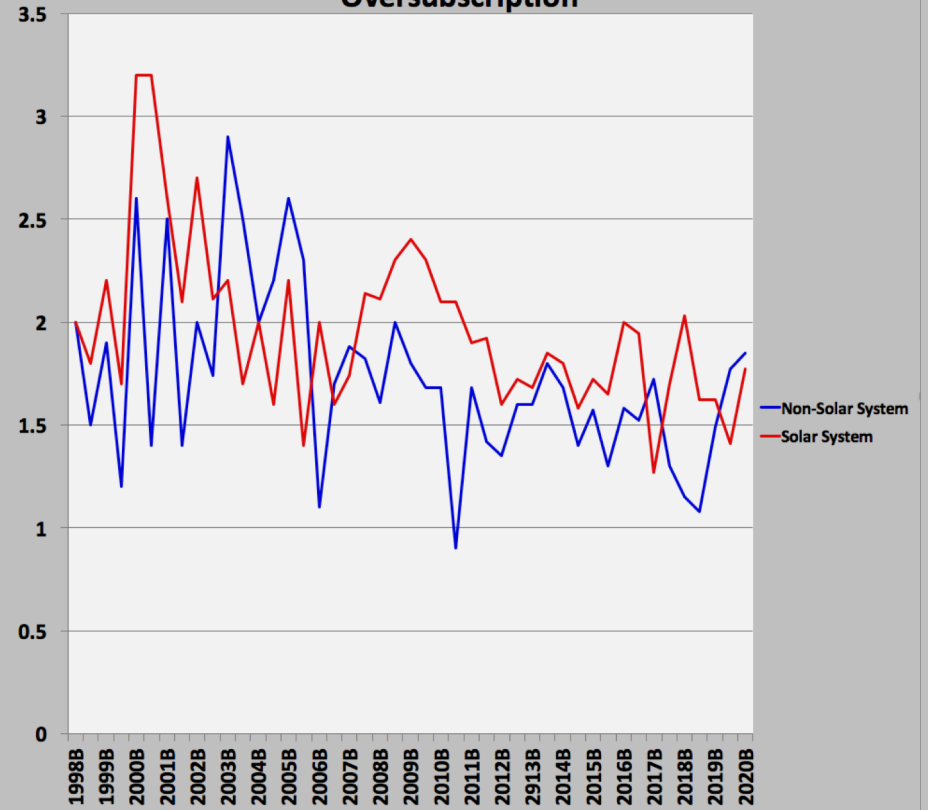


2020B Telescope Proposals

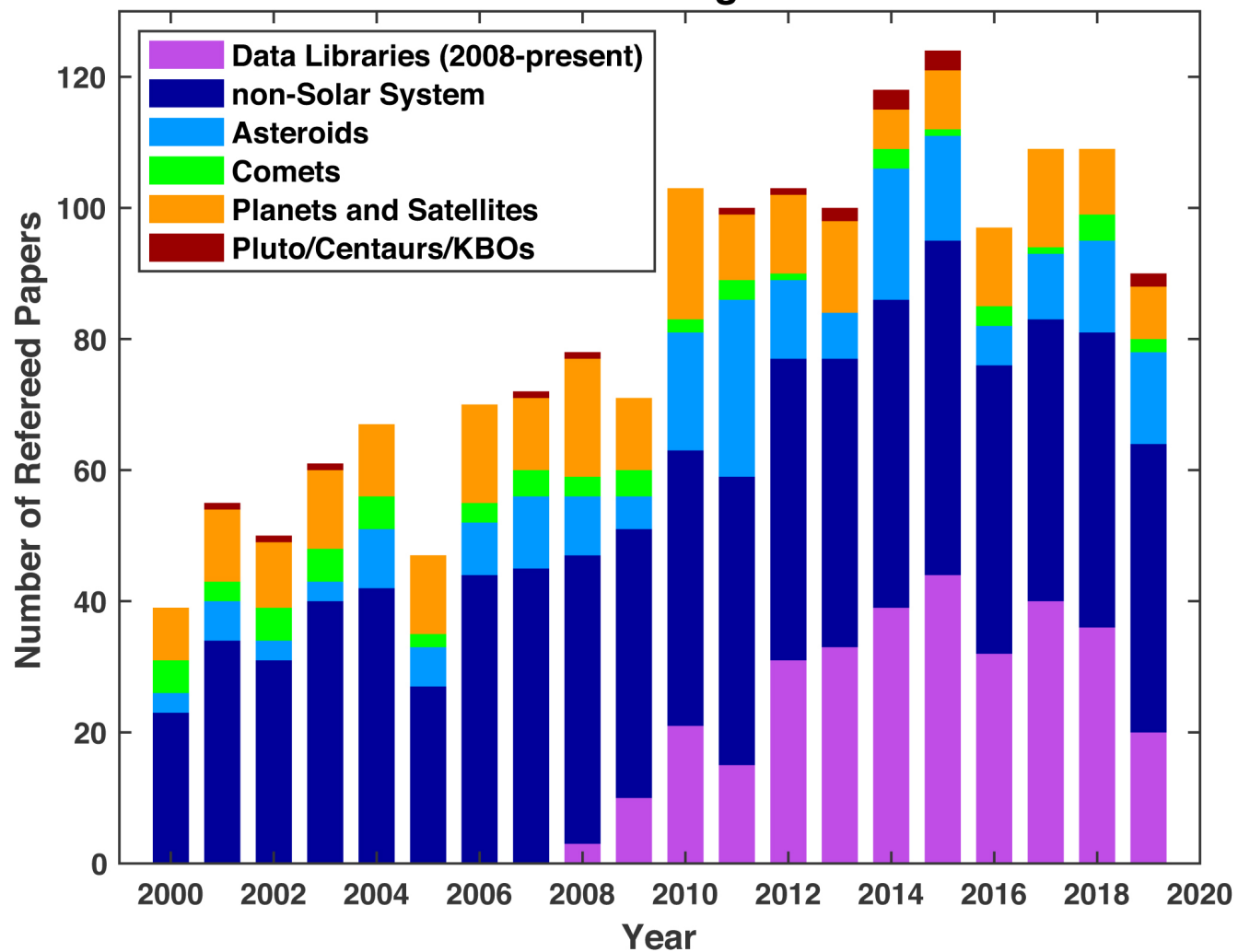
Number of Proposals



Oversubscription

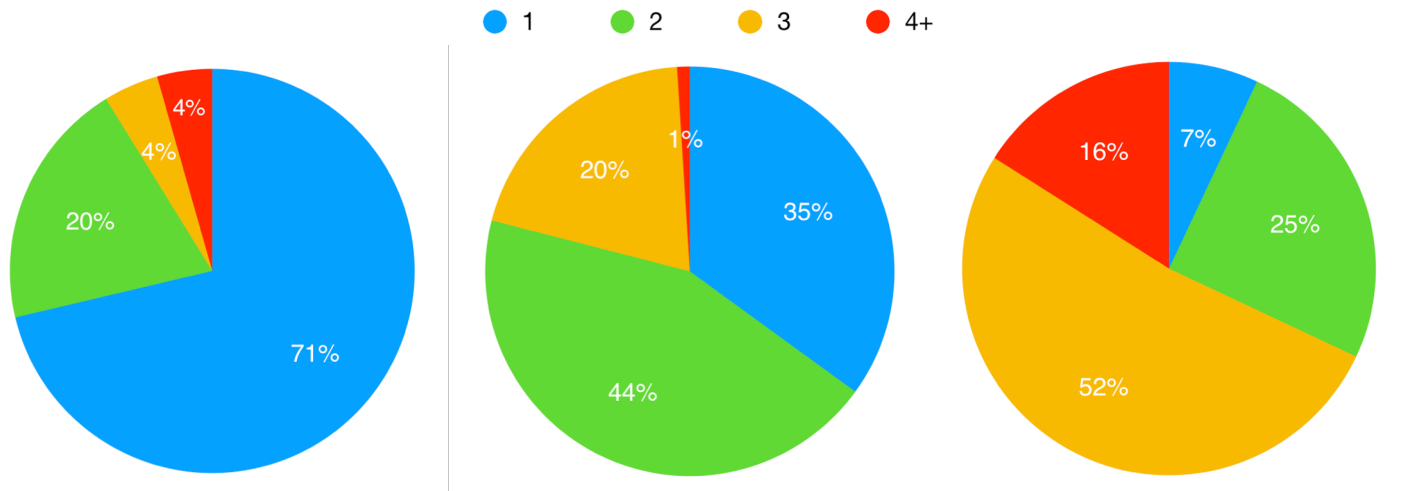


Publications using IRTF Data



Decade 2010-2020 saw a significant increase in telescope productivity. Note that many non-Solar System programs are also broadly related to planetary science

Number of Observing Programs Per Night



1998B

0% remote
 49 programs
 3.7 nights per program
 257 program slots

2008B

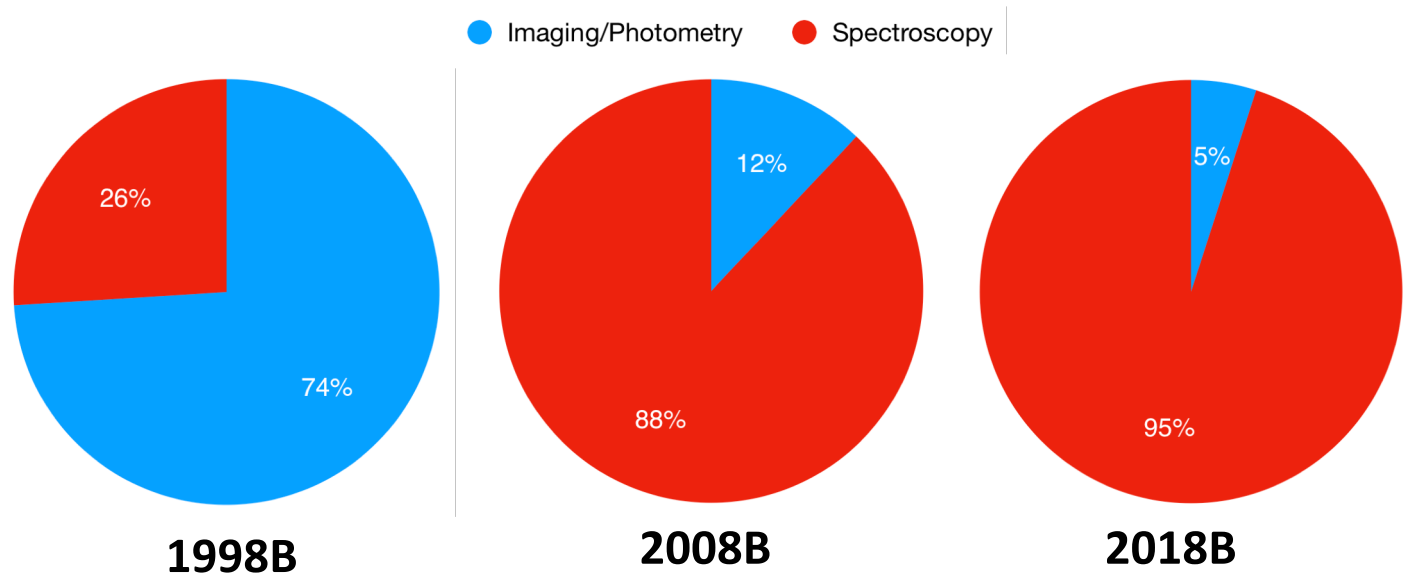
50% remote
 57 programs
 3.1 nights per program
 324 program slots

2018B

90% remote
 79 programs
 2.3 nights per program
 404 program slots

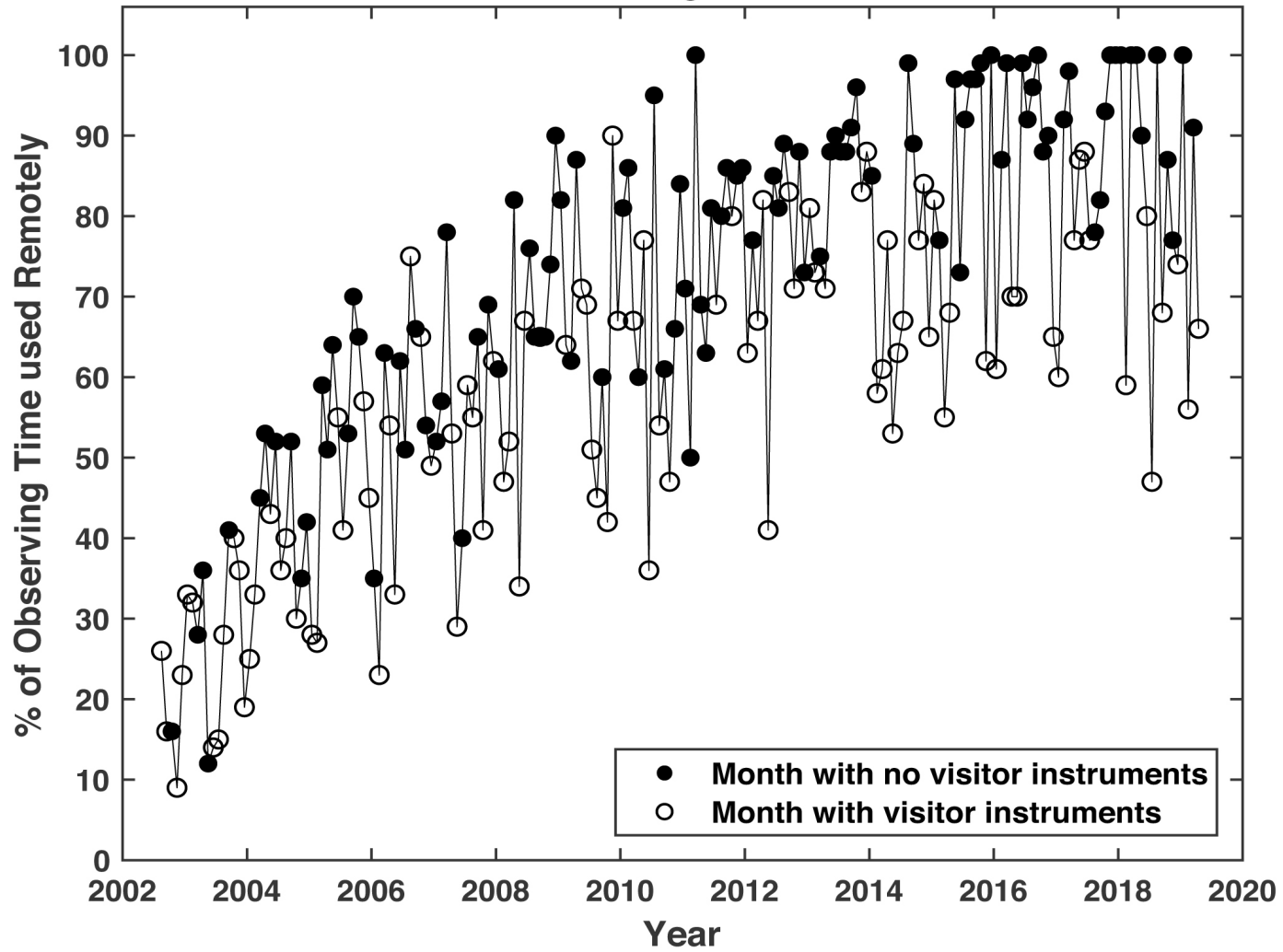
With the introduction of efficient wide-band spectrographs, frequent instrument changes and remote observing IRTF is much more productive

Imaging/Photometry versus Spectroscopy

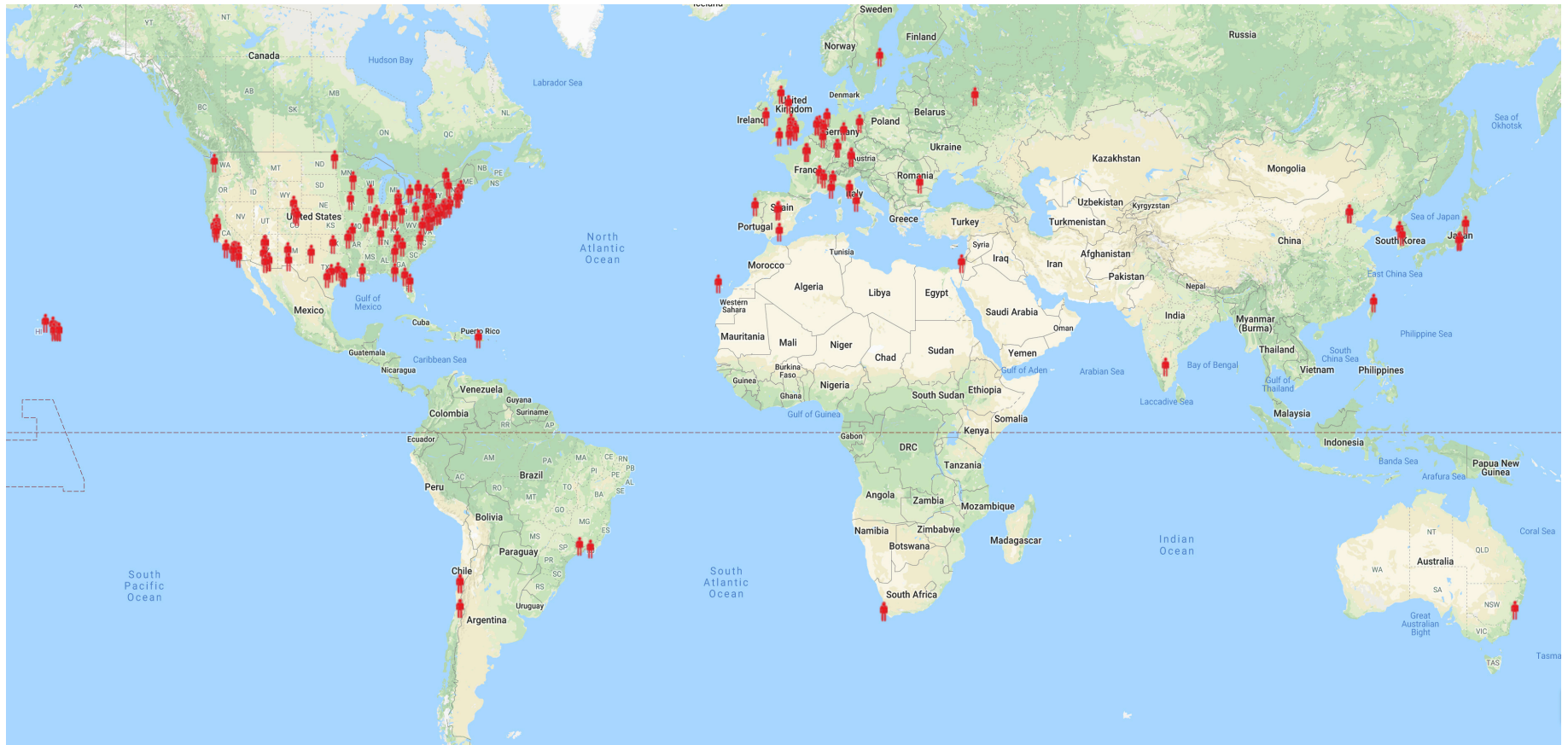


Most science on IRTF is now conducted with wide-band spectrographs with built-in slit viewers

Remote Observing with NASA IRTF



Remote Observing



This interactive map currently (2019) shows 183 locations from which IRTF observations have been obtained remotely. This map can be found at <http://irtfweb.ifa.hawaii.edu/information/about.php>