

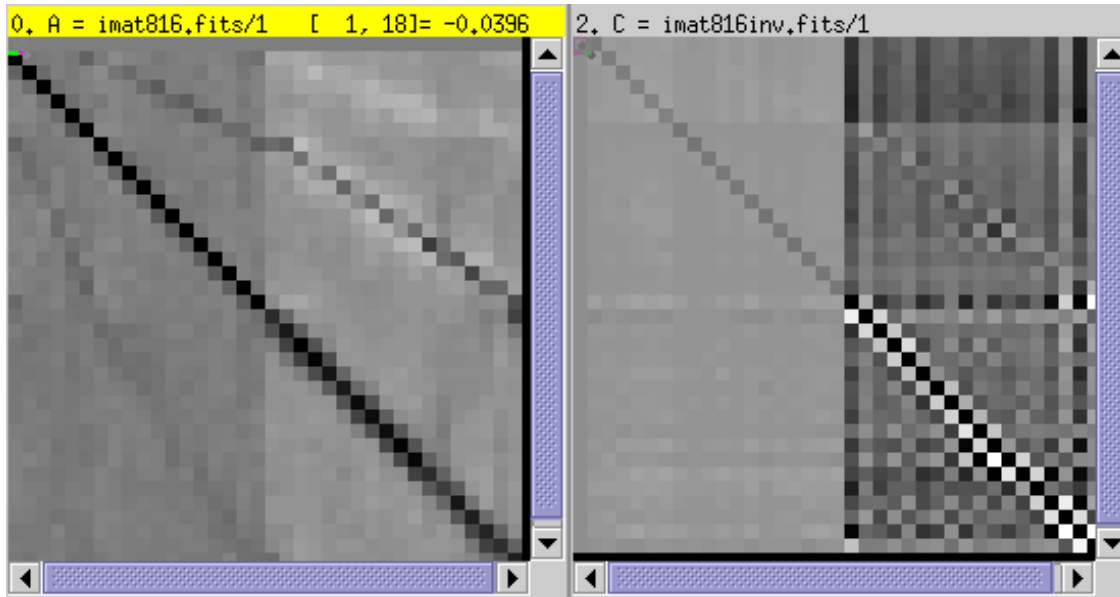
Date: 8/15/2001

From: Tony Denault

Subject: IMAT Calculation: IRTF and Gemini

1. Mark Chun (gemini) was kind enough to forward us a IMAT and Inverse matrix. The IRTF just got their system built up take interaction data., but wanted help to verify if results / procedures.

Here is Marks Data:



2. After comparing Mark IDL code and our, the only difference was calculating the $1/w$ of eigenvalues. Mark's code disregarded values that were low compared to the max, where I used all values (just disregarding values close to 0).

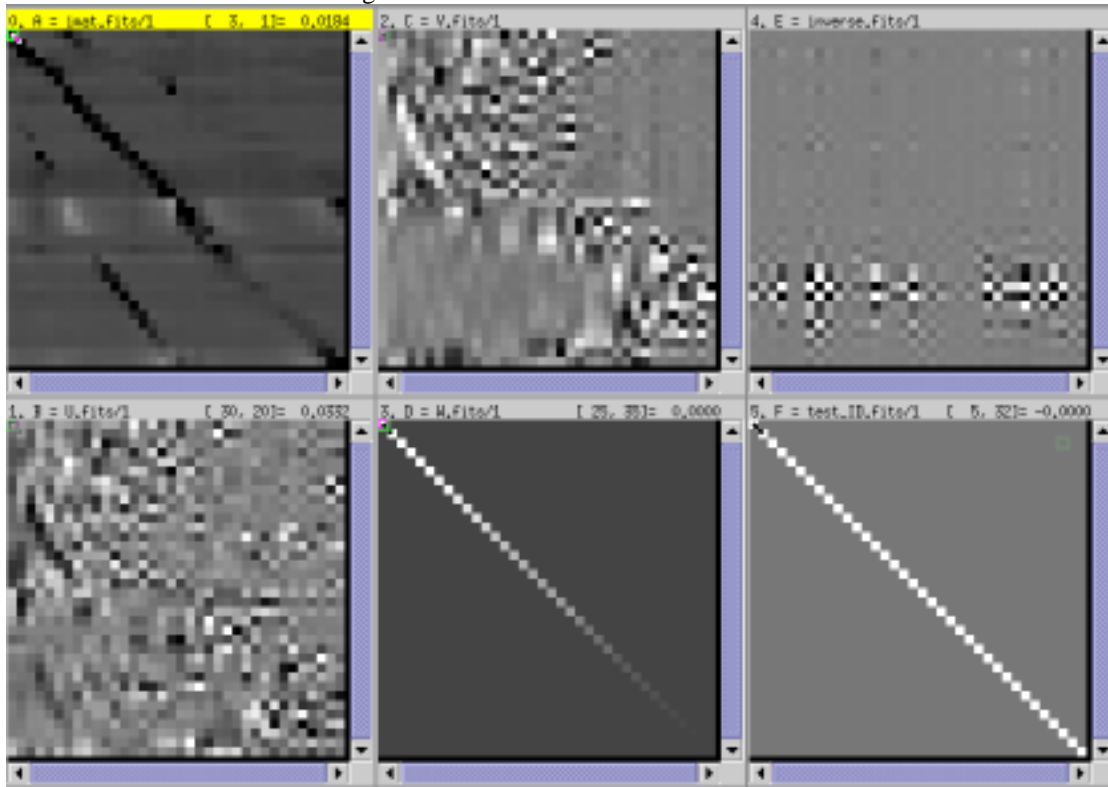
Mark code did: if $w/\max(w) > 0.01$, then $1/w$ else 0.

Where I did: if($w < 1e-5$) then $1/w$, else 0.

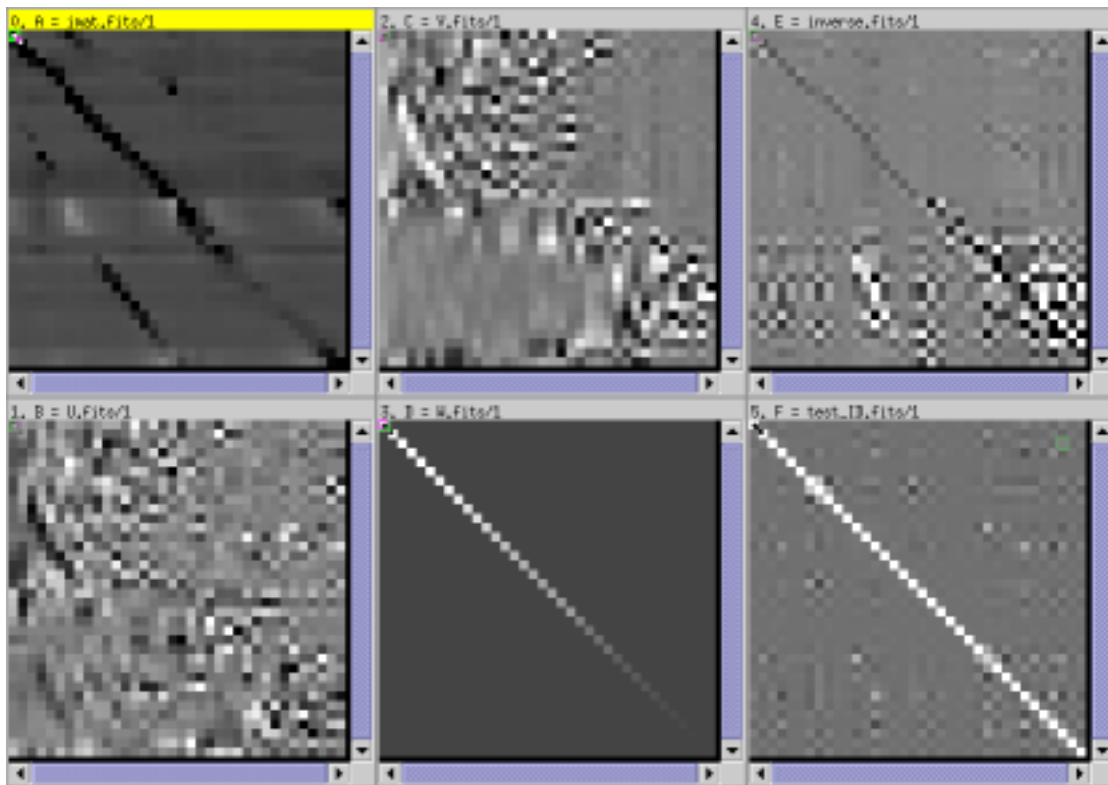
After I modify my code to reject $w[I]$ in a similar manner, either code produced the same result using either the IRTF or Gemini data.

There is another difference: The Gemini imat is a [37][36] matrix. I notice Malcolm's C array typically index by 1 (not the C convention [0]). There seems to be no reason for this. In the IRTF re-write I use the proper C indexing: $I[0][0]$ is 1st data element. This has no effect on the Imat calculations.

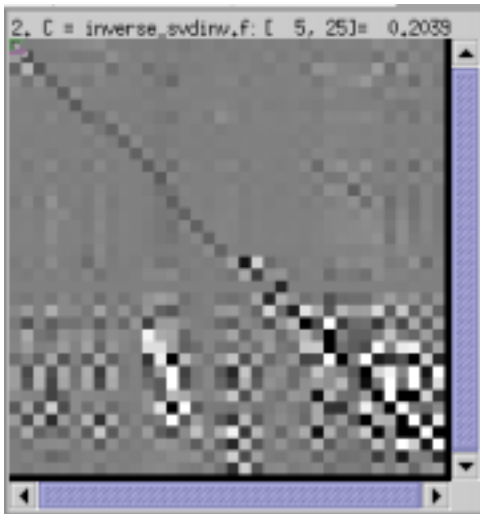
3. This is the IRTF data and original IRTF results:



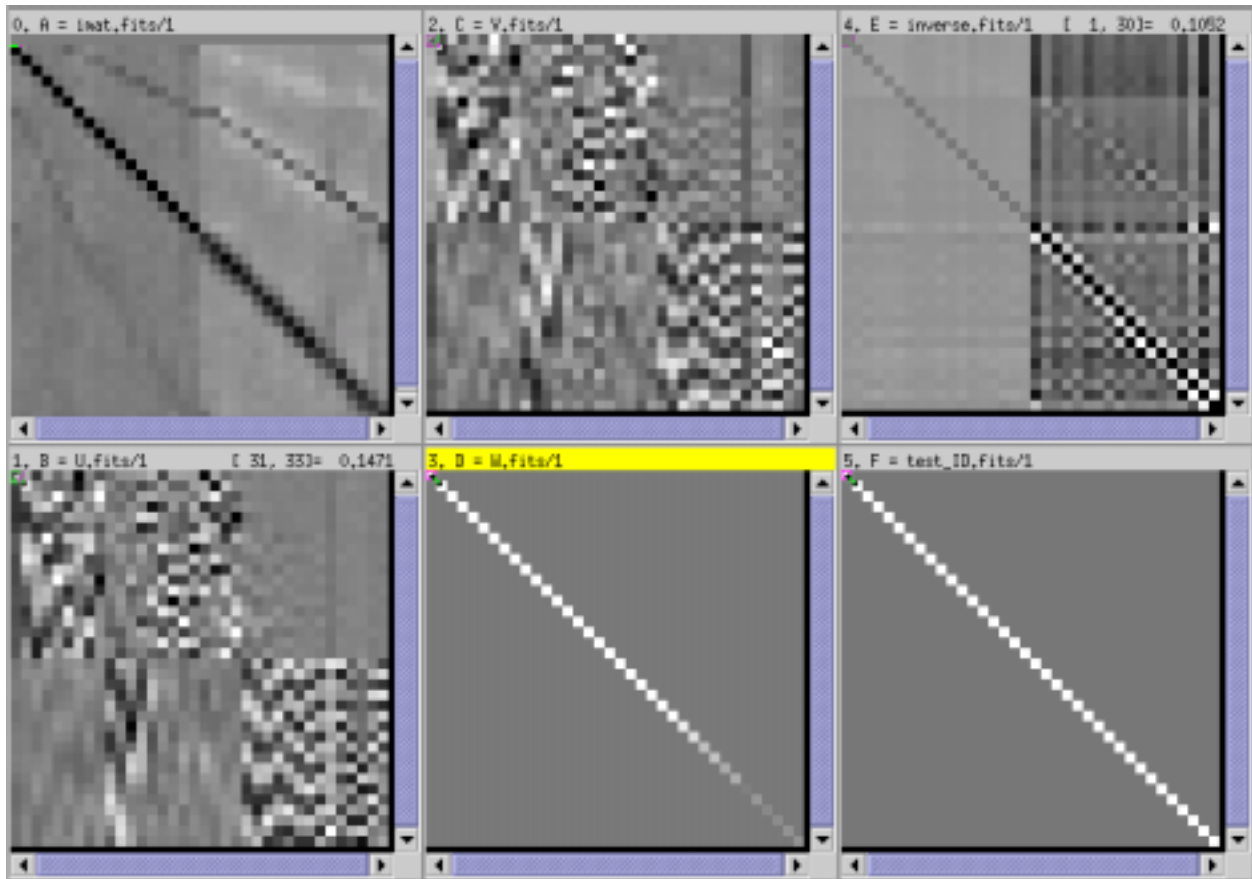
4. This is the IRTF data with the $w/\max(w) > 0.01$ modification:



IRTF data using the Gemini function:



5. This is the Gemini Data run through the IRTF code. I removed the row containing all 0, so it a [36][36]



Note:

Canvas 0 show the Imat data: $Imat[s][a]$

Canvas 1/2/3 show the produces of the SVD function: $U[s][a]$, $V[a][a]$, and $W[a][a]$.

Canvas 4 shows the inverse: $inverse[a][s]$.

Canvas 5 show the Identity matrix: $identity[s][s] = imat[s][a] * inverse[a][s]$